

# Vinblastine (Velban®)

### **About This Drug**

Vinblastine is used to treat cancer. It is given in the vein (IV)

#### **Possible Side Effects**

- Bone marrow suppression. This is a decrease in the number of white blood cells, red blood cells, and platelets. This may raise your risk of infection, make you tired and weak (fatigue), and raise your risk of bleeding.
- Changes to your heart function including chest pain, stroke, abnormal heart beats, and heart attack
  may rarely occur. Symptoms of a stroke such as sudden numbness or weakness of your face, arm,
  or leg, especially on one side of your body; sudden confusion, trouble speaking or understanding;
  sudden trouble seeing in one or both eyes; sudden trouble walking, feeling dizzy, loss of balance or
  coordination; or sudden bad headache with no known cause. If you have any of these symptoms
  for 2 minutes, call 911.
- Nausea and vomiting (throwing up)
- Constipation
- · General discomfort, a feeling of being unwell
- Jaw pain
- Bone and/or tumor pain
- Effects on the nerves are called peripheral neuropathy. You may feel numbness, tingling, or pain in your hands and feet. It may be hard for you to button your clothes, open jars, or walk as usual. The effect on the nerves may get worse with more doses of the drug. These effects get better in some people after the drug is stopped but it does not get better in all people.
- Hair loss. Hair loss is often temporary, although with certain medicine, hair loss can sometimes be
  permanent. Hair loss may happen suddenly or gradually. If you lose hair, you may lose it from your
  head, face, armpits, pubic area, chest, and/or legs. You may also notice your hair getting thin.
- High blood pressure

**Note:** Not all possible side effects are included above.

#### **Warnings and Precautions**

- Skin and tissue irritation including redness, pain, warmth, or swelling at the IV site if the drug leaks out of the vein and into nearby tissue. Very rarely, it may cause tissue necrosis (death).
- Soreness of the mouth and throat. You may have red areas, white patches, or sores that hurt.

- Severe bone marrow suppression. White blood cells are most commonly affected but a decrease in red blood cells and platelets may also rarely occur.
- Allergic reactions, including anaphylaxis are rare but may happen in some patients. Signs of allergic
  reaction to this drug may be swelling of the face, feeling like your tongue or throat are swelling,
  trouble breathing, rash, itching, fever, chills, feeling dizzy, and/or feeling that your heart is beating
  in a fast or not normal way. If this happens, do not take another dose of this drug. You should get
  urgent medical treatment.
- Trouble breathing, or severe spasm of airway may occur following infusion of vinblastine usually in combination with another drug called mitomycin.
- Changes in your central nervous system can happen. The central nervous system is made up of
  your brain and spinal cord. You could feel extreme tiredness, agitation, confusion, hallucinations
  (see or hear things that are not there), have trouble understanding or speaking, loss of control of
  your bowels or bladder, eyesight changes, numbness or lack of strength to your arms, legs, face, or
  body, seizures or coma. If you start to have any of these symptoms let your doctor know right away.

**Note:** Some of the side effects above are very rare. If you have concerns and/or questions, please discuss them with your medical team.

### **Important Information**

 This drug may be present in the saliva, tears, sweat, urine, stool, vomit, semen, and vaginal secretions. Talk to your doctor and/or your nurse about the necessary precautions to take during this time.

# **Treating Side Effects**

- To decrease the risk of infection, wash your hands regularly.
- Avoid close contact with people who have a cold, the flu, or other infections.
- Take your temperature as your doctor or nurse tells you, and whenever you feel like you may have a fever.
- Manage tiredness by pacing your activities for the day. Be sure to include periods of rest between energy-draining activities.
- To help decrease the risk of bleeding, use a soft toothbrush. Check with your nurse before using dental floss.
- Be very careful when using knives or tools.
- Use an electric shaver instead of a razor.
- Drink plenty of fluids (a minimum of eight glasses per day is recommended).
- If you throw up or have loose bowel movements, you should drink more fluids so that you do not become dehydrated (lack of water in the body from losing too much fluid).
- To help with nausea and vomiting, eat small, frequent meals instead of three large meals a day. Choose foods and drinks that are at room temperature. Ask your nurse or doctor about other helpful tips and medicine that is available to help stop or lessen these symptoms.
- Mouth care is very important. Your mouth care should consist of routine, gentle cleaning of your teeth or dentures and rinsing your mouth with a mixture of 1/2 teaspoon of salt in 8 ounces of water

or 1/2 teaspoon of baking soda in 8 ounces of water. This should be done at least after each meal and at bedtime.

- If you have mouth sores, avoid mouthwash that has alcohol. Also avoid alcohol and smoking because they can bother your mouth and throat.
- Ask your doctor or nurse about medicines that are available to help stop or lessen constipation.
- If you are not able to move your bowels, check with your doctor or nurse before you use enemas, laxatives, or suppositories.
- If you have numbness and tingling in your hands and feet, be careful when cooking, walking, and handling sharp objects and hot liquids.
- To help with hair loss, wash with a mild shampoo and avoid washing your hair every day.
- Avoid rubbing your scalp, pat your hair or scalp dry.
- Avoid coloring your hair.
- Limit your use of hair spray, electric curlers, blow dryers, and curling irons.
- If you are interested in getting a wig, talk to your nurse. You can also call the American Cancer Society at 800-ACS-2345 to find out information about the "Look Good, Feel Better" program close to where you live. It is a free program where women getting chemotherapy can learn about wigs, turbans and scarves as well as makeup techniques and skin and nail care.
- Keeping your pain under control is important to your well-being. Please tell your doctor or nurse if you are experiencing pain.

## **Food and Drug Interactions**

- There are no known interactions of vinblastine with food.
- Check with your doctor or pharmacist about all other prescription medicines and dietary supplements you are taking before starting this medicine as there are known drug interactions with vincristine. Also, check with your doctor or pharmacist before starting any new prescription or overthe-counter medicines, or dietary supplement to make sure that there are no interactions.

#### When to Call the Doctor

Call your doctor or nurse if you have any of these symptoms and/or any new or unusual symptoms:

- Fever of 100.4° F (38° C) or higher
- Chills
- Tiredness that interferes with your daily activities
- · Feeling dizzy or lightheaded
- Easy bleeding or bruising
- Confusion and/or agitation
- Seizures
- Hallucinations
- Trouble understanding or speaking
- Blurry vision or changes in your eyesight
- Numbness or lack of strength to your arms, legs, face, or body

- Trouble breathing
- Headache that does not go away
- Feeling that your heart is beating in a fast or not normal way (palpitations) Chest pain or symptoms of a heart attack. Most heart attacks involve pain in the center of the chest that lasts more than a few minutes. The pain may go away and come back, or it can be constant. It can feel like pressure, squeezing, fullness, or pain. Sometimes pain is felt in one or both arms, the back, neck, jaw, or stomach. If any of these symptoms last 2 minutes, call 911.
- Symptoms of a stroke such as sudden numbness or weakness of your face, arm, or leg, especially on one side of your body; sudden confusion, trouble speaking or understanding; sudden trouble seeing in one or both eyes; sudden trouble walking, feeling dizzy, loss of balance or coordination; or sudden bad headache with no known cause. If you have any of these symptoms for 2 minutes, call 911.
- No bowel movement in 3 days or when you feel uncomfortable
- Pain in your mouth or throat that makes it hard to eat or drink
- Nausea that stops you from eating or drinking and/or is not relieved by prescribed medicines
- Throwing up more than 3 times a day
- Pain that does not go away
- While you are getting this drug, please tell your nurse right away if you have any pain, redness, or swelling at the site of the IV infusion
- Numbness, tingling, or pain in your hands and feet
- Signs of allergic reaction: swelling of the face, feeling like your tongue or throat are swelling, trouble breathing, rash, itching, fever, chills, feeling dizzy, and/or feeling that your heart is beating in a fast or not normal way
- If you think you may be pregnant

## **Reproduction Warnings**

- **Pregnancy warning**: This drug can have harmful effects on the unborn baby. Women of child bearing potential should use effective methods of birth control during your cancer treatment. Let your doctor know right away if you think you may be pregnant
- Breastfeeding warning: It is not known if this drug passes into breast milk. For this reason, women should talk to their doctor about the risks and benefits of breastfeeding during treatment with this drug because this drug may enter the breast milk and cause harm to a breastfeeding baby.
- **Fertility warning:** Human fertility studies have not been done with this drug. Talk with your doctor or nurse if you plan to have children. Ask for information on sperm or egg banking.

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